

Public University Baccalaureate Follow-Up Study

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Introduction

In 2005-06 and 2006-07, more than 39,000 students received bachelor's degrees from a public four-year institution.

What happened to those students?

- Do they find jobs in Washington?
- In what industries do they work in Washington?
- How much do they earn?
- Do they continue their education?



Profile of Graduates

Most graduates are:

- From UW (39%) or WSU (20%)
- Residents (90%)
- Female (56%)
- Under the age of 25 (69%)
- White (69%)



Degree Recipients by Institution

			Grand Total	
Institution	2005-06	2006-07	Number	Percent
Central Washington University	2,000	2,245	4,245	11%
Eastern Washington University	1,715	1,805	3,520	9%
The Evergreen State College	1,234	1,131	2,365	6%
University of Washington	7,658	7,672	15,330	39%
Washington State University	3,119	4,584	7,703	20%
Western Washington University	3,033	3,020	6,053	15%
Totals	18,759	20,457	39,219	100%

Source: Public Centralized Higher Education Enrollment System (PCHEES), provided by ERDC



About the degrees awarded

Most of the degrees awarded were Bachelor of Arts (59%).

Most degrees awarded were in:

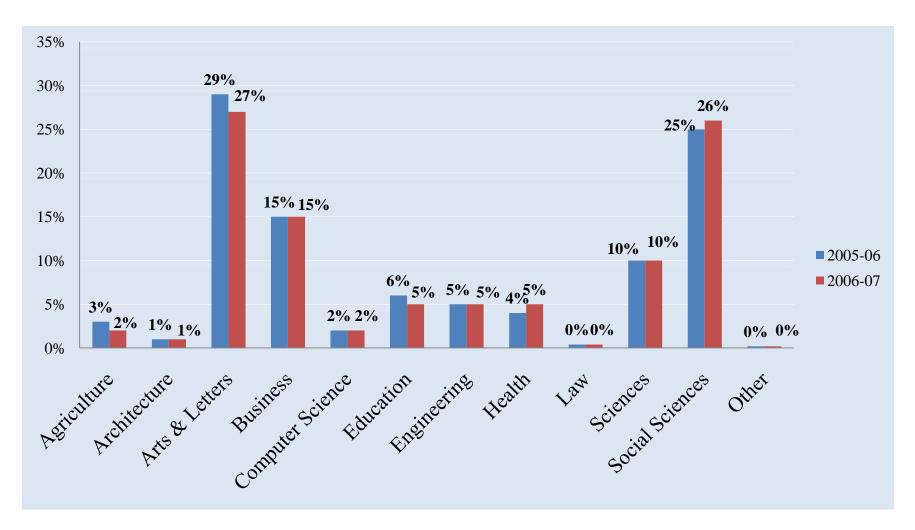
- Arts & Letters (27-29%)
- Social Sciences (25-26%)
- Business (15%)

Approximately 22% were in STEM fields:

- Science (10%)
- Health (5%)
- Engineering & Related Technologies (5%)
- Computer Science (2%)



Degrees by Field of Study



Source: Public Centralized Higher Education Enrollment System (PCHEES), provided by ERDC



Do graduates get jobs in Washington?

Three-fourths of graduates worked in WA at least one quarter in the first year following graduation.

- 64% worked in WA and did not continue education.
- 13% worked in WA and continued education.
- 6% continued education but did not work in WA.
- 18% did not work in WA and did not continue education.

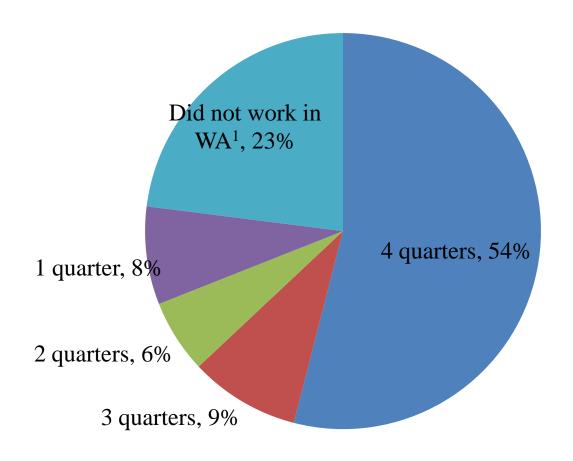
In the first year, more than half worked all year.

- Of these, nearly three-fourths worked in the same industry all year.
- The percentage working all year in the same industry increases in the second and third years after graduation.



Graduates working in Washington

2005-06 Graduates: 1 year after graduation



¹Of the 23% not working in WA, one quarter (25%) were enrolled in a U.S. postsecondary institution. Sources: Public Centralized Higher Education Enrollment System (PCHEES) & ESD data provided by ERDC.



Do they remain employed in WA?

- The number of graduates working in Washington declined over time.
- A smaller proportion of 2006-07 graduates worked in Washington compared to the 2005-06 graduates.

	2005-06 (N=18,759)			2006-07	
				(N=20,457)	
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 1	Year 2
	(2006-07)	(2007-08)	(2008-09)	(2007-08)	(2008-09)
Worked in Washington at least one quarter	77%	71%	67%	73%	67%
Enrolled in college - did not work in Washington*	6%	8%	9%	7%	9%
Did not work in Washington* - not enrolled in college	18%	21%	25%	20%	24%

^{*}Did not work in Washington; graduates may have worked in other states, were self-employed in Washington, or were employed by a Washington non-profit organization.

Sources: Public Centralized Higher Education Enrollment System (PCHEES), ESD data, & National Student Clearinghouse provided by ERDC



In which industries do they work?

Top 10 Employing Industries 2005-06 Graduates in Year 1

Industry	Number Employed	Percentage of All Employed
Educational Services	1,775	15%
Professional, Scientific & Support Services	1,517	12%
Health Care & Social Assistance	1,401	12%
Retail Trade	1,224	10%
Accommodation & Food Services	972	8%
Finance & Insurance	829	7%
Manufacturing	705	6%
Public Administration	687	6%
Administrative & Support Services	685	6%
Information	492	4%



In which industries do they work?

Top employing industries of the most popular fields of study:

- Arts & Letters: Retail Trade, Accommodation & Food Service, Educational Services
- Social Sciences: Health Care & Social Assistance, Educational Services, Retail Trade
- **Business:** Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services; Finance & Insurance



How much do graduates earn?

Graduates working full-time earned an average of \$36,000 in the first year following graduation.

The 3 highest paying industries:

Construction \$50,000

Manufacturing \$49,200

■ Information \$43,200

The 3 lowest paying industries:

Leisure & Hospitality \$28,400

■ Trade & Transportation \$31,600

Other Services \$31,600



Do graduates continue their education?

Approximately 20 percent continued their education someplace in the U.S. in the first year following graduation.

- 70% enrolled in a WA institution
- 38% also worked all year in WA



Policy Implications

Employability during a recession is different than during "normal" times.

- It will be difficult to attain the economic growth and development goals of the 2008 Strategic Master Plan if fewer students are working.
- Graduates need to prepare for an increasingly difficult job market and consider alternative employment options.
- However, opportunity exists to increase educational attainment levels because 1 in 5 continue their education within the first year of completing a bachelor's degree.



Next Steps

More targeted analyses on sub-populations.

Repeat analysis every 2-3 years.

- Support master plan development and implementation.
- Inform System Design Plan implementation.

Supplement analysis with findings from institutional alumni surveys, which are better suited for collecting information on specific occupations.



Summary

1. Did graduates get jobs?

Overall, yes! Three-fourths worked at least one quarter in Washington in Year 1; over half worked all year.

2. Where did they find work?

Educational Services; Professional, Scientific & Technical Services; Health Care & Social Assistance; Retail Trade.

3. How much did they earn?

\$36,000 on average in Year 1.

4. Do they continue with further education?

Yes, 1 in 5 do so right away and most of them do so at a Washington institution.